

# Percona Xtradb Cluster

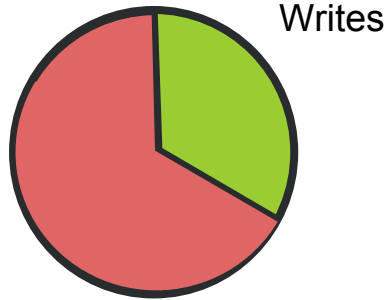
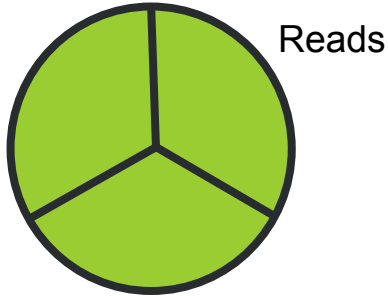
Reference Architecture 2016  
Slides: <http://bit.ly/1qBNFmW>

Jay Janssen |  
Managing Principal Architect



# Cluster Sizing

- Quorum
  - Rule of 3's
  - Really: The loss of any one \*thing\* should not cause the cluster to lose quorum
- Read and Write Scalability
  - Reads scale like Master/Slave
  - Writes don't scale (much)
- Which nodes to read and write from
  - Reads can be most anywhere
  - Writes may best start on a single node
    - *Some App work can overcome this*



# Cluster Setup and Configuration

# Baseline Configuration

---

- 3 CentOS 7 Nodes
- IPs: 172.28.128.3, .4, .5
- EPEL Repo installed for 1 dependency (socat)
- SELinux --permissive
- Firewall open on 3306, 4567, 4568, 4444 / tcp

```
[root@node1 ~]# firewall-cmd --add-port=3306/tcp --add-port=4567/tcp --add-  
port=4568/tcp --add-port=4444/tcp --permanent  
success  
[root@node1 ~]# firewall-cmd --reload  
Success
```

# Software Install (all 3 nodes)

---

- Package Install

```
# yum install http://www.percona.com/downloads/percona-release/redhat/0.1-3/percona-release-0.1-3.noarch.rpm
```

```
# yum install Percona-XtraDB-Cluster-56.x86_64
```

- Monitoring Software (Myq Gadgets)

- <https://github.com/jayjanssen/myq-tools/releases>

```
# wget `curl -s https://api.github.com/repos/jayjanssen/myq-tools/releases |  
grep browser_download_url | head -n 1 | cut -d '"' -f 4` && tar xvzf myq_tools.  
tgz -C /usr/local/bin --strip-components=1 && ln -sf /usr/local/bin/myq_status.  
linux-amd64 /usr/local/bin/myq_status
```

# Starter /etc/my.cnf

---

```
[mysqld]
binlog_format          = ROW
datadir                = /var/lib/mysql

innodb_flush_log_at_trx_commit = 0
innodb_autoinc_lock_mode = 2

wsrep_cluster_address = gcomm://172.28.128.3,172.28.128.4,172.28.128.5
wsrep_provider         = /usr/lib64/galera3/libgalera_smm.so
wsrep_provider_options = "gcache.size=128M; gcs.fc_limit=128;
                          gcs.fc_master_slave=yes"

wsrep_cluster_name     = mycluster
wsrep_slave_threads    = 8
wsrep_sst_method        = xtrabackup-v2
wsrep_sst_auth          = sst:secret

[mysqld_safe]
pid-file = /run/mysqld/mysql.pid
syslog
```

# [root@node1 ~]# systemctl start mysql@bootstrap

## Verify it worked

```
[root@node1 ~]# /usr/local/bin/myq_status wsrep
```

```
mycluster / (idx: 0) / Galera 3.14(r53b88eb)
  Cluster Node      Outbound      Inbound      FlowC      Conflct Gcache      Appl
  time P cnf # stat laten msgs data que msgs data que pause snt lcf bfa ist idx %ef
17:56:06 P 1 1 Sync 0.0ns 1 290b 0 2 133b 0 0ns 0 0 0 0 1 12%
17:56:07 P 1 1 Sync 0.0ns 0 0b 0 0 0b 0 0ns 0 0 0 0 1 12%
17:56:08 P 1 1 Sync 0.0ns 0 0b 0 0 0b 0 0ns 0 0 0 0 1 12%
```

## Grant SST User

```
mysql> GRANT LOCK TABLES, RELOAD, REPLICATION CLIENT ON *.* TO
'sst'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'secret';
```



# More Verification

```
mysql> SHOW GLOBAL STATUS like 'wsrep%';
```

```
...
| wsrep_evsv_state | OPERATIONAL |
| wsrep_gcomm_uuid | 019add5c-f769-11e5-89e8-72592f726546 |
| wsrep_cluster_conf_id | 1 |
| wsrep_cluster_size | 1 |
| wsrep_cluster_state_uuid | 019d9782-f769-11e5-9292-72a6b97aa153 |
| wsrep_cluster_status | Primary |
| wsrep_connected | ON |
| wsrep_local_bf_aborts | 0 |
| wsrep_local_index | 0 |
| wsrep_provider_name | Galera |
| wsrep_provider_vendor | Codership Oy <info@codership.com> |
| wsrep_provider_version | 3.14 (r53b88eb) |
| wsrep_ready | ON |
+-----+-----+
```

```
58 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```





[root@node2 ~]# systemctl start mysql  
[root@node3 ~]# systemctl start mysql

## Node1's myq\_status

```
mycluster / (idx: 0) / Galera 3.14(r53b88eb)
  Cluster Node      Outbound      Inbound      FlowC      Conflct Gcache      Appl
  time P  cnf  #  stat laten msgs data que msgs data que pause snt lcf bfa  ist  idx  %ef
18:09:08 P  2  2 Sync 1.3ms  0  0b  0  1 192b  0  0ns  0  0  0  1  0  0%
18:09:09 P  2  2 Dono 1.3ms  0  0b  0  1  64b  0  0ns  0  0  0  1  0  0%
...
18:09:19 P  2  2 Dono 1.3ms  0  0b  0  0  0b  0  0ns  0  0  0  1  0  0%
18:09:20 P  2  2 Sync 1.3ms  0  0b  0  2 16b  0  0ns  0  0  0  1  0  0%
18:09:21 P  2  2 Sync 1.3ms  0  0b  0  0  0b  0  0ns  0  0  0  1  0  0%
```

## Node2's myq\_status

```
mycluster / (idx: 1) / Galera 3.14(r53b88eb)
  Cluster Node      Outbound      Inbound      FlowC      Conflct Gcache      Appl
  time P  cnf  #  stat laten msgs data que msgs data que pause snt lcf bfa  ist  idx  %ef
18:10:30 P  2  2 Sync 0.0ns  0  0b  0  3 208b  0  0ns  0  0  0  1  0  0%
18:10:31 P  2  2 Sync 0.0ns  0  0b  0  0  0b  0  0ns  0  0  0  1  0  0%
```



# Async Slaves

# Add Binary log with GTID

---

- All nodes in the same cluster get the same server-id
- Binary logs NOT required except for:
  - Async replication
  - Point in time backups

```
# Async replication setup
server_id                = 1
log_bin                  = async_log
log_slave_updates
enforce_gtid_consistency = 1
gtid_mode                = ON
```

# Slave Setup and Failover

---

- Enable binary logging on at least 2 cluster nodes
- Build Slave as normal from one of them
- If async master in cluster fails, use `master_auto_position` to repoint the slave:
  - `CHANGE MASTER TO MASTER_HOST=<host/ip of other binlogging cluster node>, MASTER_AUTO_POSITION=1;`
  - This could use a VIP, etc provided all possible nodes are binlogging.

# Proxies and Load Balancing

# MaxScale Install

---

- Old Reference Arch used HAproxy
  - Today we have some choices for auto-RW splitting
  - I selected MaxScale because:
    - *Probably the most production worthy at the moment*
    - *Open-source candidate*
    - *I've seen it used in production*
  - ProxySQL is a close contender
- Download or build binaries
  - <https://www.percona.com/blog/2016/04/11/downloading-mariadb-maxscale-binaries/>

```
# yum http://downloads.mariadb.com/enterprise/<secret link>/generate/10.1/mariadb-enterprise-repository.rpm  
# yum install maxscale -y
```

# MaxScale Config - /etc/maxscale.cnf

```
[maxscale]
threads=4

[node1]
type=server
address=172.28.128.3
port=3306
protocol=MySQLBackend
```

```
[node2]
type=server
address=172.28.128.4
port=3306
protocol=MySQLBackend
```

```
[node3]
type=server
address=172.28.128.5
port=3306
protocol=MySQLBackend
```

```
[Galera Monitor]
type=monitor
module=galeramon
servers=node1,node2,node3
user=maxscale
passwd=test
monitor_interval=5000
```

```
[Read Connection Router]
type=service
router=readconnrout
servers=node1,node2,node3
user=maxscale
passwd=test
router_options=slave
```

```
[RW Split Router]
type=service
router=readwritesplit
servers=node1,node2,node3
user=maxscale
passwd=test
max_slave_connections=100%
```

```
[Read Connection Listener]
type=listener
service=Read Connection Router
protocol=MySQLClient
address=0.0.0.0
port=4008
socket=/var/lib/maxscale/readconn.sock
```

```
[RW Split Listener]
type=listener
service=RW Split Router
protocol=MySQLClient
port=4006
#socket=/var/lib/maxscale/rwsplit.sock
```

```
[MaxAdmin Service]
type=service
router=cli
```

```
[MaxAdmin Listener]
type=listener
service=MaxAdmin Service
protocol=maxscaled
port=6603
```



# Grant user and start MaxScale and Test

---

```
mysql> grant all on *.* to maxscale@'%' identified by 'test';
```

```
# systemctl start maxscale
```

```
[root@node2 ~]# mysql -u maxscale -ptest -h 127.0.0.1 -P 4008 -e "show global variables like 'wsrep_node_name';"
```

```
+-----+-----+  
| Variable_name | Value |  
+-----+-----+  
| wsrep_node_name | node2 |  
+-----+-----+
```

```
[root@node2 ~]# mysql -u maxscale -ptest -h 127.0.0.1 -P 4008 -e "show global variables like 'wsrep_node_name';"
```

```
+-----+-----+  
| Variable_name | Value |  
+-----+-----+  
| wsrep_node_name | node3 |  
+-----+-----+
```



# Test Read/Write split

---

```
[root@node2 ~]# mysql -u maxscale -ptest -h 127.0.0.1 -P 4006 -e "show global variables like 'wsrep_node_name';"
```

Variable_name	Value
wsrep_node_name	node3

```
[root@node2 ~]# mysql -u maxscale -ptest -h 127.0.0.1 -P 4006 -e "start transaction; show global variables like 'wsrep_node_name';"
```

Variable_name	Value
wsrep_node_name	node1



# Backups and Monitoring

# Backups

---

- Remove backup node from Prod rotation
  - Possible to leave in rotation, but watch:
    - *resource consumption*
    - *flow control*
  - Dedicated Backup nodes not uncommon
- `mysql> set global wsrep_desync=ON;`
- Use Xtrabackup
- Wait for node's apply queue to drain
- `mysql> set global wsrep_desync=OFF;`
- Restore to rotation

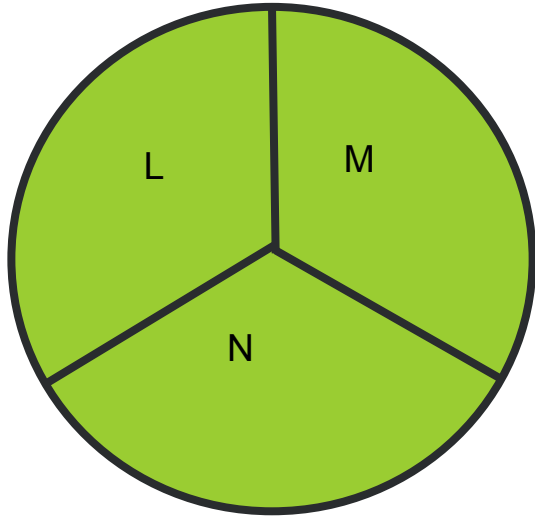
# Monitoring

---

- Myq-status for real-time
  - You will learn a lot more about the cluster watching it second-by-second, esp in triage situations
- Alerting
  - Old info still applies, even if you don't use the same tools:
    - <https://www.percona.com/blog/2013/10/31/percona-xtradb-cluster-galera-with-percona-monitoring-plugins/>
- Trending
  - Use/Reproduce graphs from here:
    - <https://www.percona.com/doc/percona-monitoring-plugins/1.1/cacti/galera-templates.html>
  - Vividcortex does nicely, commercial

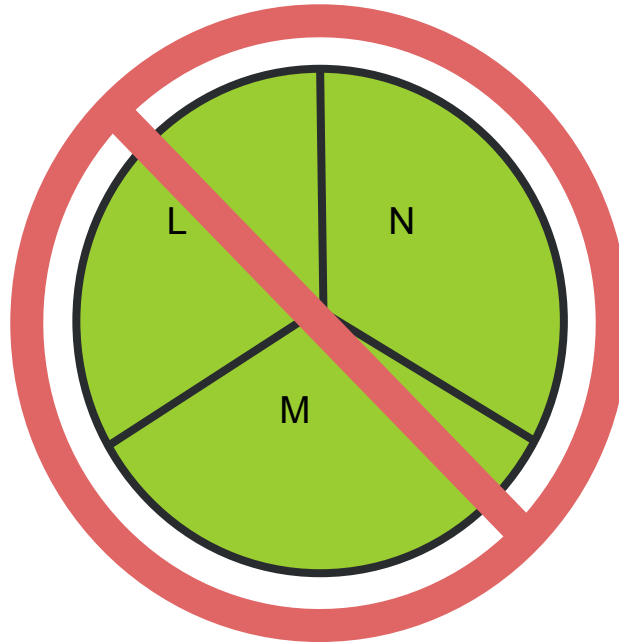
# Special Setups

# WAN Architecture Best Practices



$L = M = N$   
Or

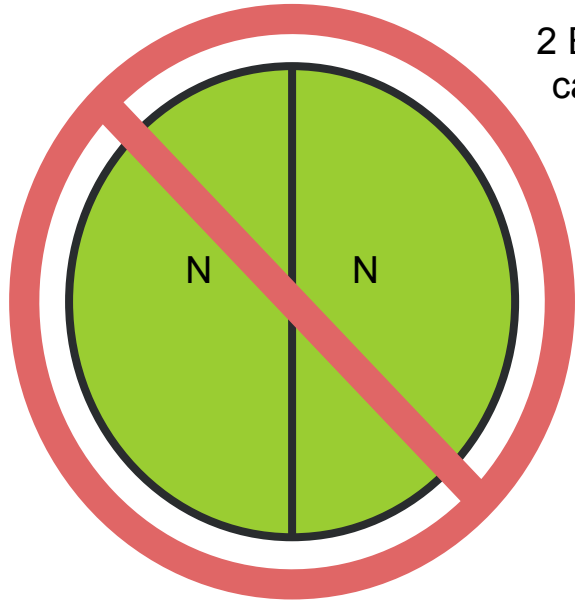
$L + M > N$   
AND  
 $L + N > M$   
AND  
 $M + N > L$



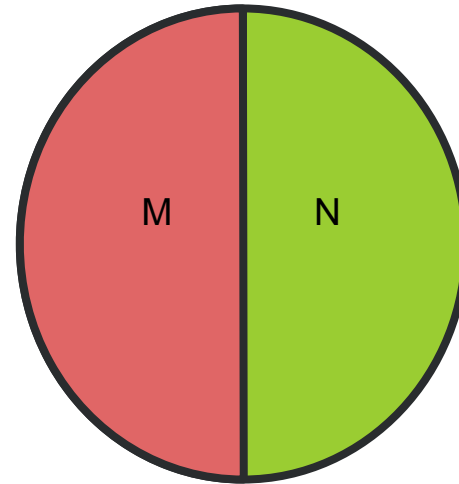
Any of:  
 $L + N \leq M$   
 $M + N \leq L$   
 $L + M \leq N$

# WAN Architecture Best Practices

---



2 Equal Active DCs  
can't auto failover

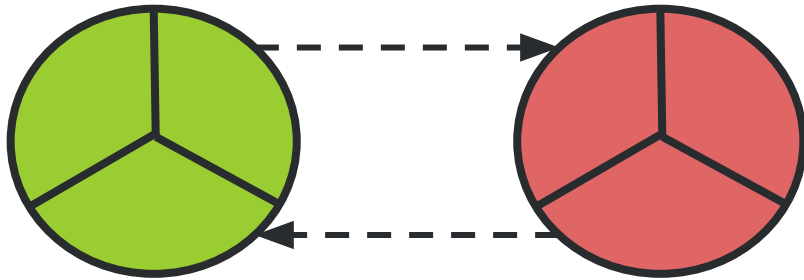


2 DCs work for a  
Primary/DR when  $N > M$ .  
Failover to DR is manual

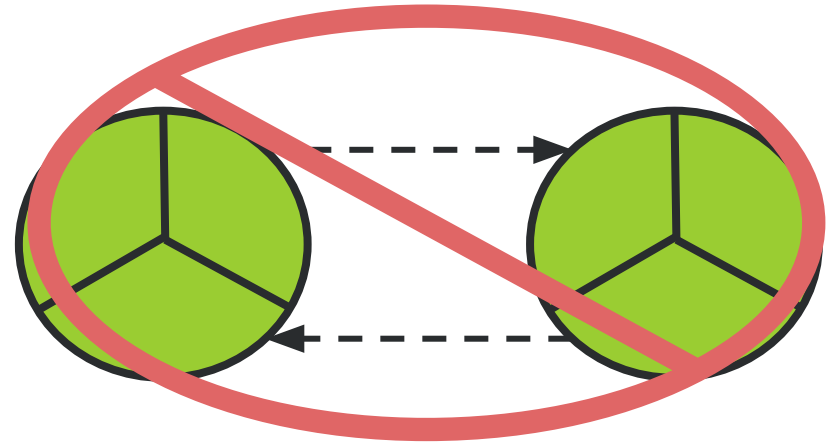
# WAN Architecture Best Practices

---

Two clusters with Async.  
DR Failover is manual



Two cluster Active/Active with Async





# WAN Deployments

---

- All nodes must ack replication, commits will be slower!
- Tunings
  - Distinct gmcast.segment for each datacenter (e.g., 1, 2, etc.)
    - *Every node in that datacenter gets the same number*
  - Increase Replication windows
    - *Higher latency allows more "in-flight" replication at once*
  - Increase Timeouts above Cluster's Max RTT
    - *Larger timeouts will increase recovery time on a failure*
  - Only set wsrep\_provider\_options once in your my.cnf!

```
wsrep_provider_options="gmcast.segment=1; evs.send_window=512; evs.  
user_send_window=512; evs.keepalive_period = PT3S; evs.suspect_timeout = PT30S;  
evs.inactive_timeout = PT1M; evs.install_timeout = PT1M; evs.  
join_retrans_period = PT3S; evs.delayed_margin = PT3S"
```

# Dedicated Galera Networks

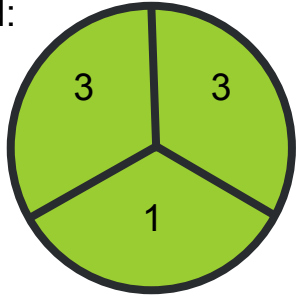
---

- Each node will use the default NIC (eth0) by default
  - Includes
    - *Galera Replication (port 4567)*
    - *State Snapshot Transfer (full backup) (port 4444)*
    - *Incremental State Transfer (port 4568)*
- Override all to another NIC with:
  - `wsrep_node_address` = <ip>
  - Possible to separate each item above if needed
- State transfers can max out a network in the right circumstances

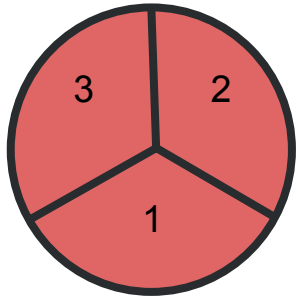
# AWS Hosting

- Multi-AZ setups are best practice
  - Region with at least 3 AZs (some only have 2!)
  - At least one node in each AZ
  - One AZ loss, the rest should not lose quorum
- Elastic IPs
  - Could be useful for failover
  - Assumes the public IP of an instance
  - Assumes you are using private IPs for Galera

Good:



Bad:



# Super Consistent Cluster

---

- Apply in Galera is still async
  - Write on node1, Read immediately from node2, might not be consistent yet (race)
- Flow control keeps apply lag low
  - Delays commits until node gets apply queue under threshold
- Can guarantee some/all reads are time-consistent
  - These can timeout however

```
[mysqld]
wsrep_sync_wait = 7
wsrep_provider_options = "gcs.fc_limit=16; gcs.fc_master_slave=yes; repl.
causal_read_timeout=PT5S"
```

# Percona Live Amsterdam -- October 3-5

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- **Super Saver tickets are already on sale but won't last long!**
  - **Prices go up July 3rd.**
  - <https://www.percona.com/live/plam16/registration>
- **Call for Papers is Open!**
  - Do you have a MySQL, MongoDB and ODBMS use case to share, a skill to teach, or a big idea to share? We invite you to submit your speaking proposal for either breakout or tutorial sessions.
  - **The deadline to submit is July 18th, 2016.**
  - <https://www.percona.com/live/plam16/program>
- **Sponsorship opportunities Available**
  - <https://www.percona.com/live/plam16/be-a-sponsor>

**Questions?**

