MongoDB Sharded Cluster - How to design your topology

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Who am I

- Started as MySQL DB DBA
- Support for MongoDB
- Trainer
- Scripting, Reading, Driving
- "Guruji" who shares knowledge
- Now here I am Perconian!!!





Agenda

- Sharded Cluster components
- Ranged Sharding
- Hashed Sharding
- Zones / Tags



Agenda

- HA
- ReplicaSet Key points
- Topology
- Q&A



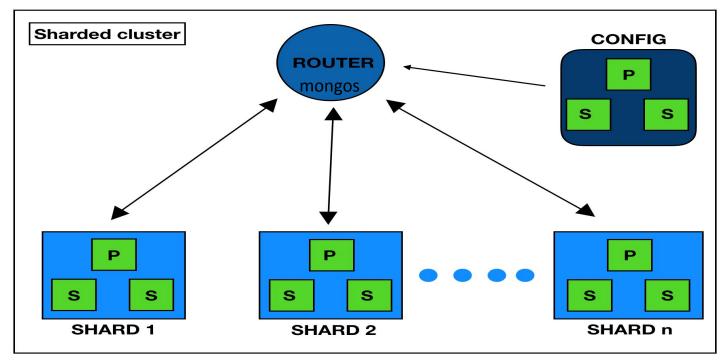
Sharded Cluster

Sharded Cluster

- Horizontal Scaling
 - Data across multiple nodes
 - Reduce stress for larger working set
 - Ability to add more servers



Architecture





Sharded Cluster

- Shard Key
- Chunks
- Balancer Chunk distribution

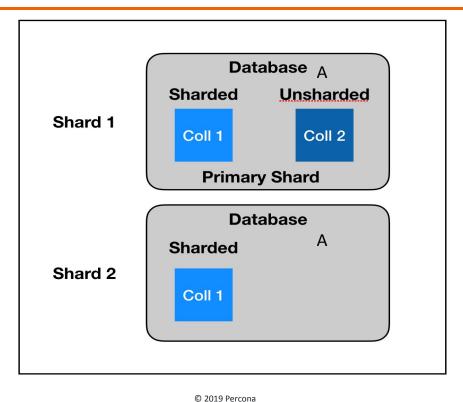


POINTS TO NOTE

TARGET vs BROADCAST



Primary Shard





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Primary Shard

sh.status()



Primary Shard

- Routing sharded vs unsharded
- Keep at right shard

```
db.adminCommand( { movePrimary:
```

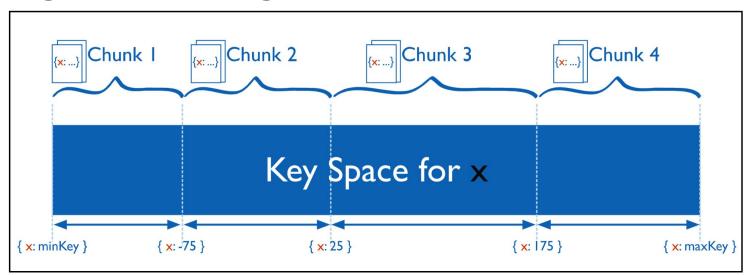
<databaseName>, to: <newPrimaryShard> })



Ranged Sharding

Strategy

Ranged Sharding





Strategy

Ranged Sharding

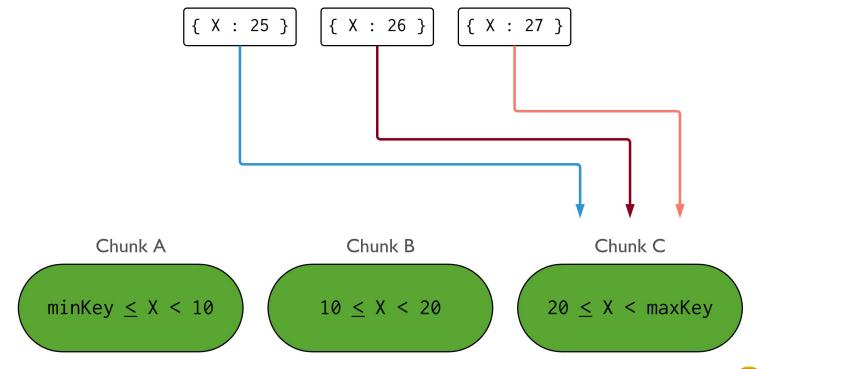
```
sh.shardCollection( "database.collection", { <shard
key> } )
```

Example:

sh.shardCollection("vinodh.testData", { empNo: 1 })



Monotonically Changing Shard Key





```
mongos> sh.status()
--- Sharding Status ---
  sharding version: {
       " id" : 1,
       "minCompatibleVersion" : 5,
       "currentVersion" : 6,
       "clusterId" : ObjectId("5d66c59d291f1f6349c928f6")
 shards:
       { "_id" : "shard01", "host" : "shard01/localhost:27019,localhost:27020,localhost:27021", "state" : 1 }
       { "_id" : "shard02", "host" : "shard02/localhost:27022,localhost:27023,localhost:27024", "state" : 1 }
       { "_id" : "shard03", "host" : "shard03/localhost:27025,localhost:27026,localhost:27027", "state" : 1 }
  active mongoses:
       "3.6.13-3.3" : 2
  autosplit:
       Currently enabled: yes
  balancer:
       Currently enabled: yes
       Currently running: no
       Failed balancer rounds in last 5 attempts: 0
       Migration Results for the last 24 hours:
               2 : Success
  databases:
       { "_id" : "config", "primary" : "config", "partitioned" : true }
               config.system.sessions
                       shard key: { "_id" : 1 }
                       unique: false
                       balancing: true
                       chunks:
                               shard01 1
                       { " id" : { "$minKey" : 1 } } -->> { " id" : { "$maxKey" : 1 } } on : shard01 Timestamp(1, 0)
       { "_id" : "vinodh", "primary" : "shard01", "partitioned" : true }
                vinodh.testData2
                       shard kev: { "num" : 1 }
                       unique: false
                       balancing: true
                       chunks:
                               shard01 1
                               shard02 1
                               shard03 1
                       { "num" : { "$minKey" : 1 } } -->> { "num" : 3001 } on : shard02 Timestamp(2, 0)
                       { "num" : 3001 } -->> { "num" : 7001 } on : shard03 Timestamp(3, 0)
                       { "num" : 7001 } -->> { "num" : { "$maxKey" : 1 } } on : shard01 Timestamp(3, 1)
```

```
[mongos> db.testData2.getShardDistribution()
Shard shard01 at shard01/localhost:27019,localhost:27020,localhost:27021
 data: 683KiB docs: 20000 chunks: 1
 estimated data per chunk: 683KiB
 estimated docs per chunk: 20000
Shard shard02 at shard02/localhost:27022,localhostmongos> use vinodh
                                                  switched to db vinodh
 data: 102KiB docs: 3000 chunks: 1
                                                 mongos> db.testData2.count()
 estimated data per chunk: 102KiB
                                                 20000
 estimated docs per chunk: 3000
                                                 mongos> db.testData2.find({num:{$qt:7000}}).count()
Shard shard03 at shard03/localhost:27025,localhos 13000
                                                 mongos>
 data: 136KiB docs: 4000 chunks: 1
 estimated data per chunk: 136KiB
 estimated docs per chunk: 4000
Totals
 data: 922KiB docs: 27000_chunks: 3
 Shard shard01 contains 74.07% data, 74.07% docs in cluster, avg obj size on shard: 35B
 Shard shard02 contains 11.11% data, 11.11% docs in cluster, avg obj size on shard: 35B
 Shard shard03 contains 14.81% data, 14.81% docs in cluster, avg obj size on shard: 35B
```

Ranged Sharding

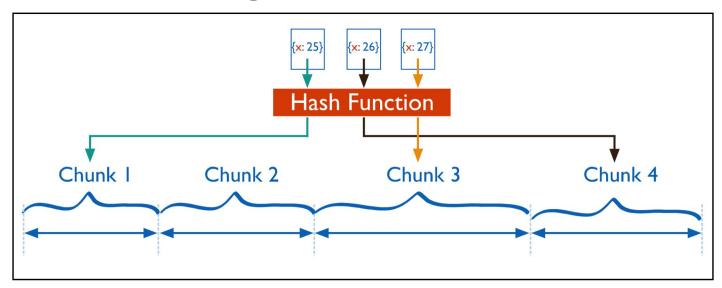
- Contiguous ranges determined by Shard Key
- Default method
- Efficient when
 - High cardinality
 - Low Shard Key frequency
 - Non-Monotonically Changing Shard key



Hashed Sharding

Strategy

Hashed Sharding

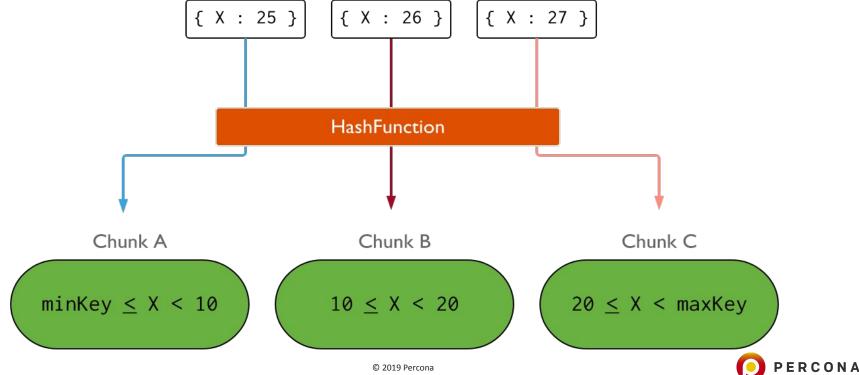


Strategy

 Hashed Sharding uses hashed index sh.shardCollection("database.collection", { <field>: "hashed" }) **Example:** sh.shardCollection("vinodh.testData", { UUIDfield: "hashed" })



Monotonically Changing Shard Key - Hash



Hashed Sharding

- Provides equal distribution
- Target vs Broadcast operations
- Ideal for fields that changes monotonically like
 ObjectID, timestamp etc

Zones

Why Zones?

- Isolate data set
- Geographically closest
- Route data to desired Shard h/w
- Distribute Writes based on DC



How to...

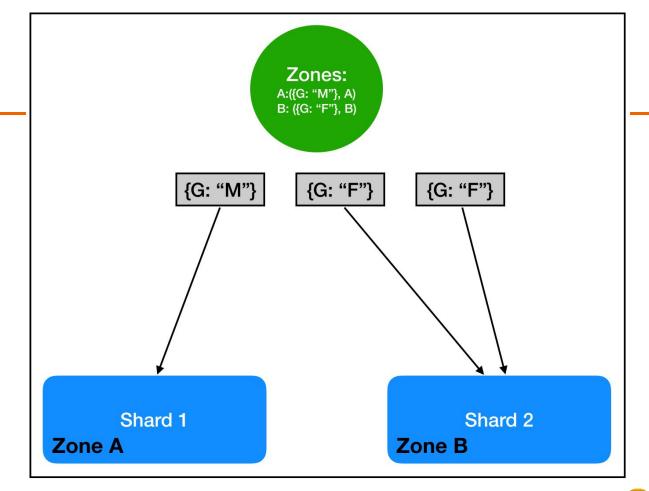
First create tagRange with Shards

```
sh.addShardTag("shard01", "tag1")
sh.addShardTag("shard02", "tag2")
```

Assign tagRanges to collections

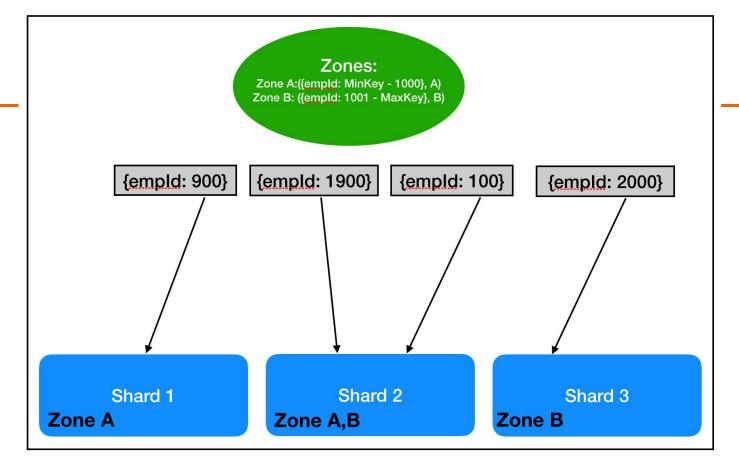


Zone





Zone





HA overview

HA

- Instance down
- Loss of DC
- Network Partition
- Backup
- Etc.



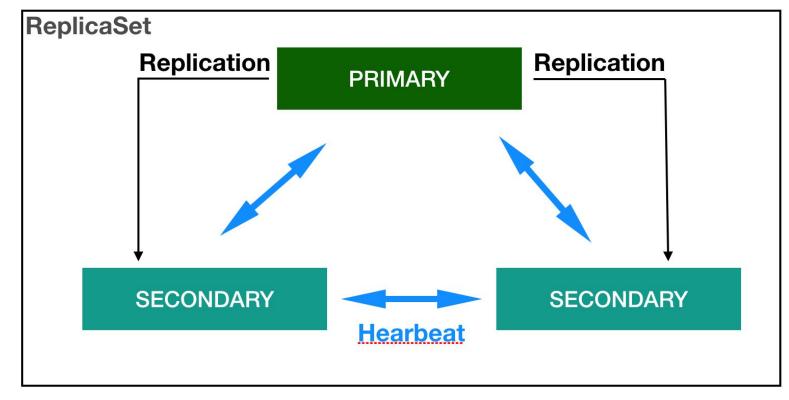
HA

- Sharded Cluster itself is NOT HA
- SC + RS = Complete HA
- Failover Scenarios Do your Exercise!

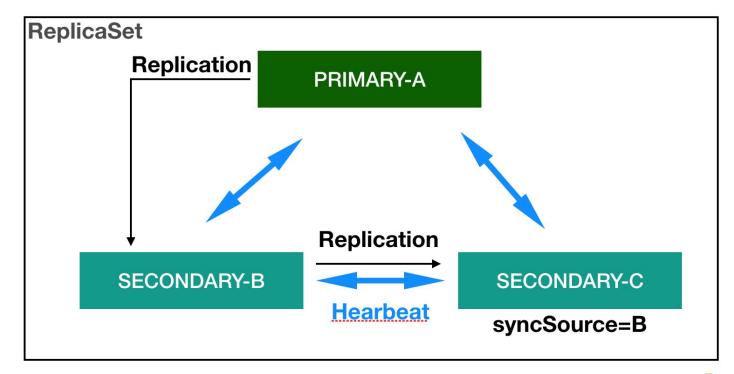


ReplicaSet - Key Points

Replicaset

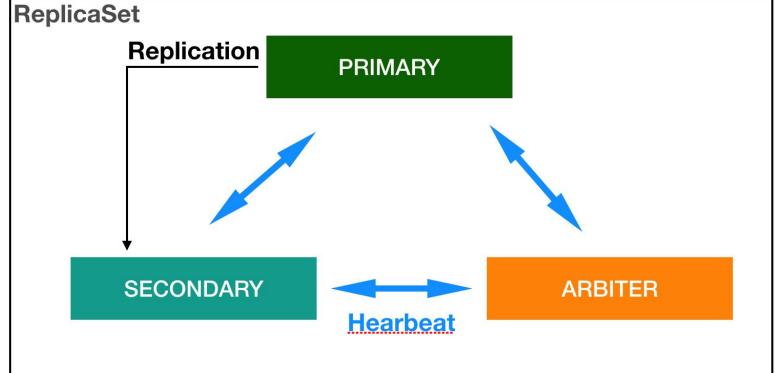


Replicaset





Replicaset - ARBITER



replicaSet Configuration

- Priority
- Hidden
- Delayed
- Arbiter

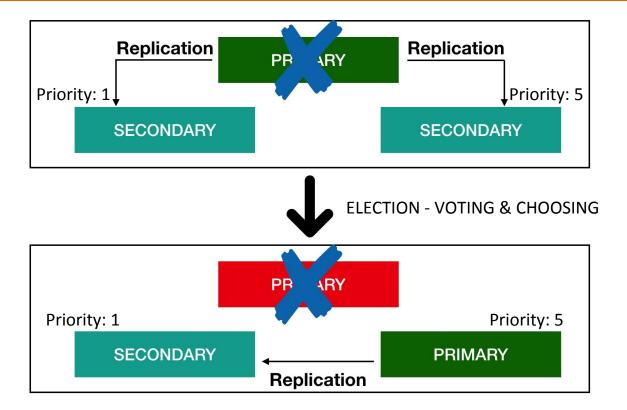


```
[shard01:PRIMARY> rs.conf()
        "_id" : "shard01",
        "version": 1,
        "protocolVersion" : NumberLong(1),
        "members" : [
                {
                        "_id" : 0,
                        "host": "localhost:27019",
                        "arbiterOnly" : false,
                        "buildIndexes" : true,
                        "hidden" : false,
                        "priority" : 1,
                        "tags" : {
                        "slaveDelay" : NumberLong(0),
                        "votes" : 1
                },
                        " id" : 1,
                        "host": "localhost:27020",
                        "arbiterOnly" : false,
                        "buildIndexes" : true,
                        "hidden" : false,
                        "priority" : 1,
                        "tags" : {
                        "slaveDelay" : NumberLong(0),
                        "votes" : 1
                },
                        "_id" : 2,
                        "host": "localhost:27021",
                        "arbiterOnly" : false,
                        "buildIndexes" : true,
                        "hidden" : false,
                        "priority" : 1,
                        "tags" : {
                        "slaveDelay" : NumberLong(0),
                        "votes" : 1
```

```
"_id" : 1,
"host": "localhost:27020",
"arbiterOnly" : false,
"buildIndexes" : true,
"hidden" : false,
"priority" : 1,
"tags" : {
},
"slaveDelay" : NumberLong(0),
"votes" : 1
```



Replicaset - Election+Priority





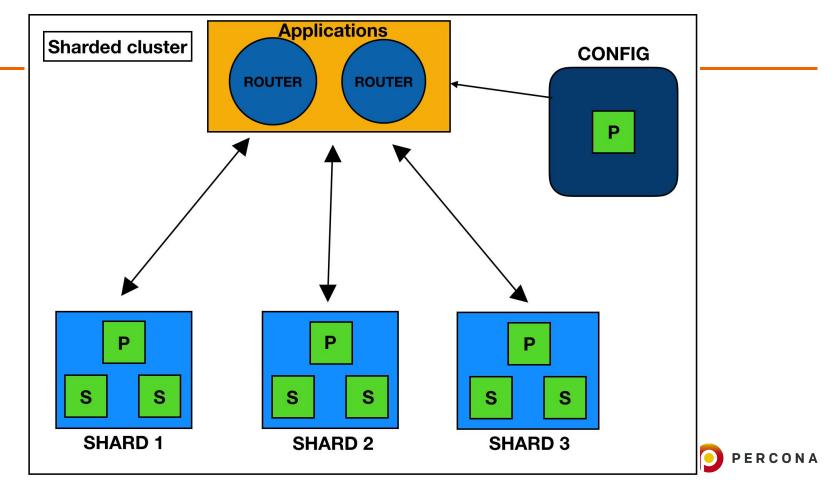
Points to Note

- Set proper {Priority:n} to elect a member asPrimary
 - Avoid setting **Priority** for all members
- Set {writeConcern:majority} to avoid data loss
- Set readPreference for reads

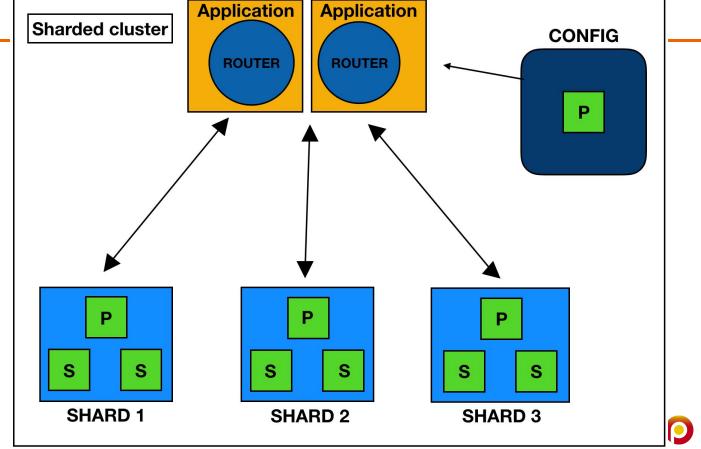


Topology- Application Servers

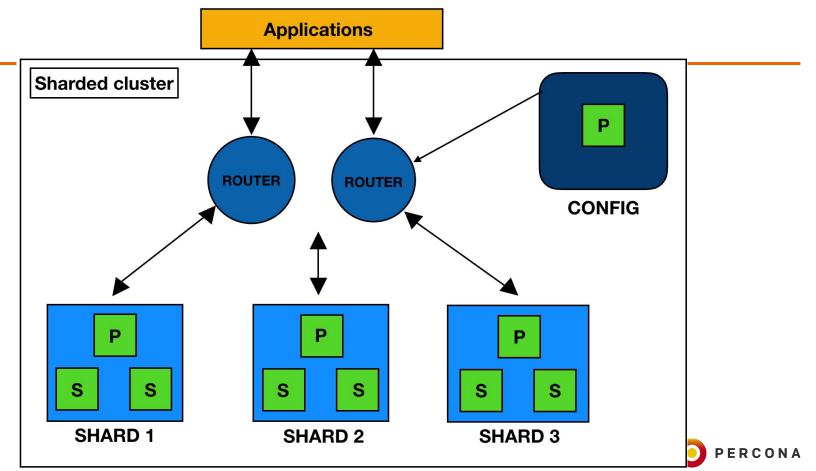
Applications and mongos in one server



mongos/router in each Application servers

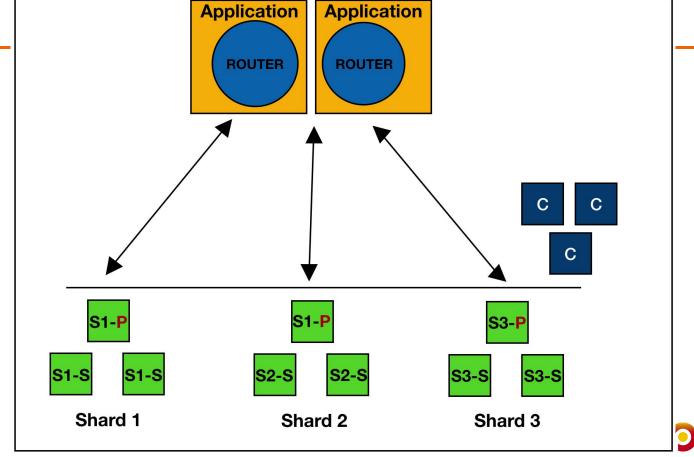


Sharded Cluster in Private network

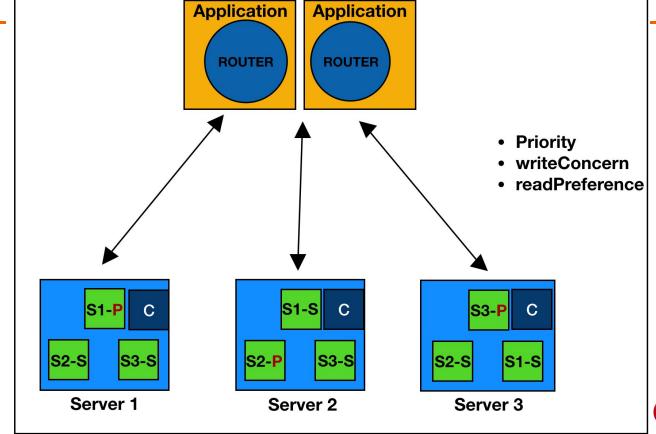


Topology- Shards

Shard instances deployed in dedicated servers design

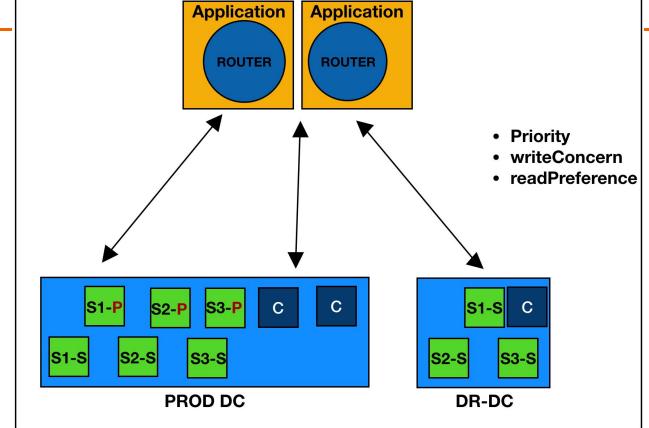


Multiple Shard members in each Server + HA design



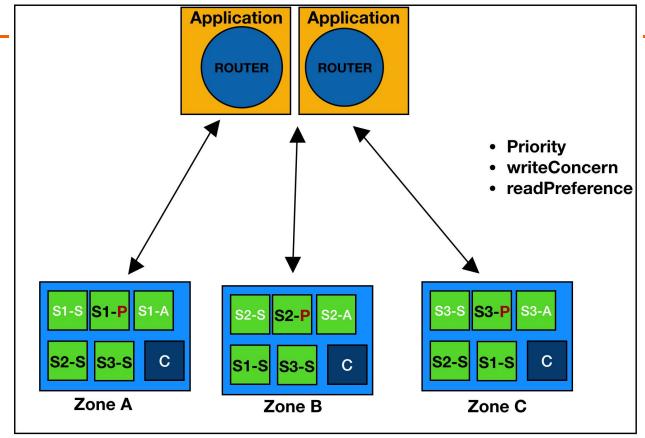


Production DC and DR DC + HA design





Using Zones / Tags + HA design





Points to Note

POINTS TO NOTE

- SHARD KEY Pain Point!
 - Monotonically increased key
 - Do your tests!
- SHARD EARLY!
- ZONES



POINTS TO NOTE

BACKUP + RESTORE

https://www.percona.com/blog/2018/12/13/mong odb-backup-how-and-when-to-use-psmdb-hotbac kup-and-mongodb consistent backup/



Question?

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