



# Who did what, when, where and how

## MySQL Audit Logging

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PERCONA  
LIVE

# Hello !

- Jeremy Glick
  - MySQL DBA
  - Head honcho of Chicago MySQL meetup
  - 13 years industry experience

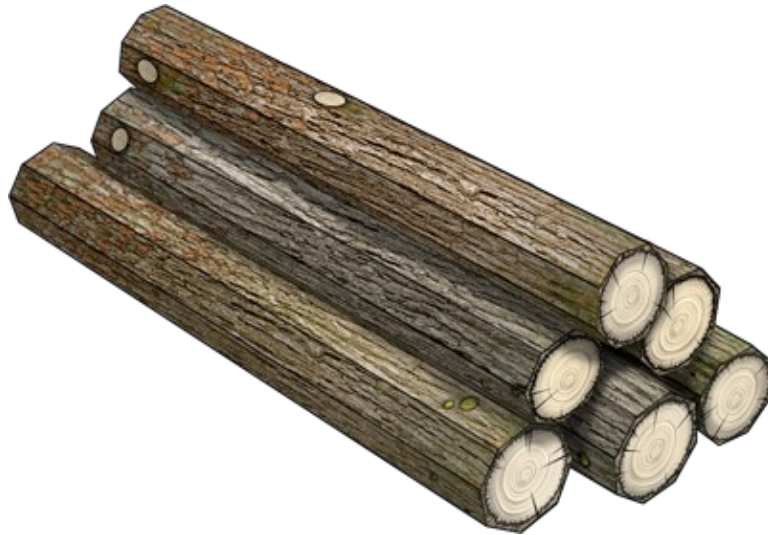
- Andrew Moore
  - Senior MySQL DBA
  - 5+ years in MySQL world
  - T-shirt and sticker collector
  - Organizer SW UK MySQL meetup

# WTF?

- Why Log?
- What to Log?
- How [not] to Log



# Logs



[timestamp]: [some useful data]

# Why Log?

- Compliance and security
- Debug
- Insight

# Compliance & Security

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- Who is accessing sensitive data?
- What actions are they performing?
  - HIPAA
  - SOX
  - PCI DSS

Typically the main reason for audit logging



# Compliance & Security

- No circumventing the audit logging solution
- Unable to disable logging
- Logging on by default
- Logging is not preventative

# Regulatory Compliance

## Database Auditing Requirements of Regulations

Audit Requirement	SOX	PCI DSS	HIPAA
Access to sensitive data ( <b>SELECT</b> )		X	X
Modification of sensitive data ( <b>INSERT,UPDATE,DELETE</b> )	X		
Schema Changes ( <b>CREATE, ALTER, DROP</b> )	X	X	X
Security Auth ( <b>GRANT, REVOKE</b> )	X	X	X
Security Exceptions ( <b>Failed Logins</b> )	X	X	X

Source: Database Administration 2nd Edition, Craig Mullins

# Debugging

- Development
- Production troubleshooting
- Retrospective investigation

# Insight

- Aggregation
- Trending
- Capacity planning

# What to Log

- Access (logins)
- Everything
- Targeted



# How to Log

- Custom code
  - MySQL plugin
- Off the shelf plugins
  - MariaDB
  - Percona
  - McAfee
- Workarounds

# MySQL's Pluggable Audit Interface

- Available as of MySQL 5.5.3
- Audit interface notifies plugin of these operations:
  - Message written to general log
  - Message written to error log
  - Query results sent to client

\* <https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.6/en/audit-plugins.html>

# How to Log

- Custom code



Andrew Hutchings: <http://linuxjedi.co.uk/>

Other refs;

Oracle: <http://goo.gl/9FCeGp>

Openark: <http://goo.gl/harxVU>

# How [not] to Log

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- Parse logs
  - General
  - Slow
  - Binary
- Sniff the wire/proxy
- Half baked
  - `init_connect`
  - In schema
  - Triggers

# Audit Solutions

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- Open source solutions
  - MariaDB
  - Percona
  - McAfee
- Proprietary solutions
  - Oracle
  - Greensql
  - imperva



## Plugin installation

```
INSTALL PLUGIN plugin_name SONAME= 'shared_lib_name.so';
```

```
plugin-load=plugin_name=shared_lib_name.so
```

```
mysqld --plugin-load='plugin_name'='shared_lib_name.so'
```

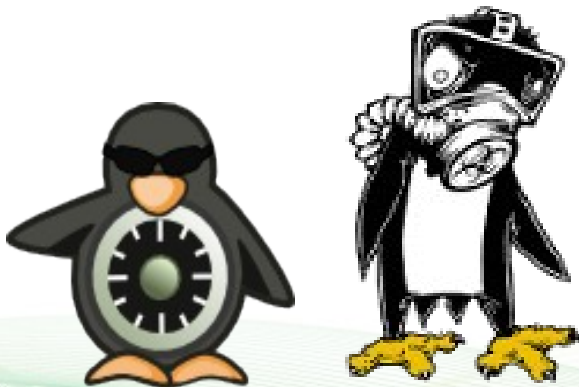
```
plugin_name=FORCE
```

# Installing An Audit Plugin

Troubleshooting installation

Check the **mysql error log** for evidence of issues starting the plugin. In some cases, you may have to make changes to SELinux or AppArmor so MySQL can write to the audit file.

- chcon
- Audit2allow
- Setsebool



# MariaDB Audit Plugin

- Pros
  - Compatible with MariaDB, MySQL and Percona Server
  - Open Source & built on the audit api
  - Supported by MariaDB team
  - Status variables exposed
  - User filtering possible
- Cons
  - Logs passwords in plain text
  - No object filtering



# MariaDB Audit Plugin

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- Events



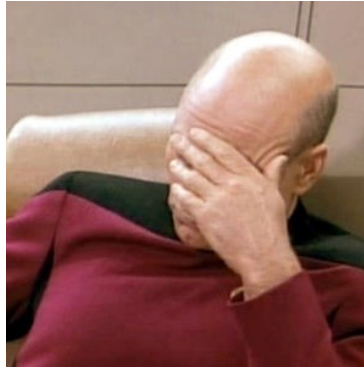
```
20141101 13:33:26,5a11919fea9a,rdba,172.17.0.97,5,14,QUERY,, 'show
databases',0
20141101 13:34:15,5a11919fea9a,rdba,172.17.0.97,5,15,QUERY,, 'CREATE
DATABASE audit_test',0
20141101 13:34:36,5a11919fea9a,rdba,172.17.0.97,5,16,QUERY,, 'create table
t1(id int, c1 varchar(10)) engine innodb',1046
20141101 13:34:44,5a11919fea9a,rdba,172.17.0.97,5,0,DISCONNECT,,0
```

\$ perror **1046**

MySQL error code 1046 (ER\_NO\_DB\_ERROR): No database selected

# MariaDB Audit Plugin

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```
mysql> GRANT ALL ON *.* TO 'mdb'@'172.%' IDENTIFIED BY  
'facepalm';
```

```
20141031 23:32:24,5a11919fea9a,rdba, \  
172.17.0.88,3,7,QUERY,mysql, \  
'GRANT ALL ON *.* TO \'mdb\'@\'172.%\'  
IDENTIFIED BY \'facepalm\'',0
```



# MariaDB Audit Plugin

## Status variables



```
mysql> show global status like '%audit%';
```

```
+-----+-----+
| Variable_name      | Value                                |
+-----+-----+
| Server_audit_active | ON                                    |
| Server_audit_current_log | /var/log/mysql/mariadb-audit.log |
| Server_audit_last_error |                                     |
| Server_audit_writes_failed | 0                                    |
+-----+-----+
```

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

# Percona Audit Plugin

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- Pros
  - Ships with Percona Server (no additional download)
  - Multiple output formats (XML,JSON,CSV,syslog)
  - Does not write passwords in plain text!
  - Open Source supported by Percona
  - Various performance modes
- Cons
  - XML only on early version
  - No object filtering
  - No user filtering
  - Only officially supported in PS



# Percona Audit Plugin

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## Events

```
mysql> select reverse(user) from mysql.user where user != " order by rand();
```

```
{"audit_record":  
  {"name":"Query",  
    "record":"105834191_2014-10-29T12:06:50",  
    "timestamp":"2014-10-31T23:43:42 UTC",  
    "command_class":"select",  
    "connection_id":"85",  
    "status":0,  
    "sqltext":"select reverse(user) from mysql.user where user != " order by rand()",  
    "user":"rdba[rdba] @ [172.17.0.91]",  
    "host": "",  
    "os_user": "",  
    "ip":"172.17.0.91"}  
}
```



## `audit_log_strategy` (*read only variable*)

- ASYNCHRONOUS = async logging, uses buffer
- PERFORMANCE = async, (drops requests if buffer is full)
- SEMISYNCHRONOUS = sync logging, uses OS caching
- SYNCHRONOUS = sync() each request

# McAfee Audit Plugin

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- Pros
  - Compatible with MySQL and Percona Server
  - Widest version support, 5.1+
  - Flexible filtering
  - Great community support
  - Compatible with `DAM`
- Cons
  - MariaDB 10 compatibility issues
  - Binary hooking access pattern
  - Installation hoops



# McAfee Audit Plugin



- Events

```
mysql> select * from audit_test;
```

```
{ "msg-type": "activity",  
  "date": "1414851690462",  
  "thread-id": "3",  
  "query-id": "29",  
  "user": "rdba",  
  "priv_user": "rdba",  
  "ip": "172.17.0.104",  
  "cmd": "select",  
  "objects": [{"db": "pluk", "name": "audit_test", "obj_type": "TABLE"}], "query": "select *  
from audit_test"  
}
```



# McAfee Audit Install



Demo

# Replication

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## Mcafee

- Slaves log replicated transactions by default
- Whitelist blank user "{}" to prevent logging of replicated transactions

## Percona

- Not logged

## MariaDB

- Not logged

# Log File Storage

- Secure storage (hardware encryption, FS encryption)
- Sign logs to ensure they have not been altered
- Set permissions correctly at OS level
- Store offsite (encrypted of course)
- Store on read only media

# Summary

## General best practices

- Utilize the log rotation facilities/logrotate script
- Sequential logging lives away from random access.
- Use FS with journalling to be crash safe(r)
- Synchronizing writes to the disk hurts a lot.



# Log Aggregation



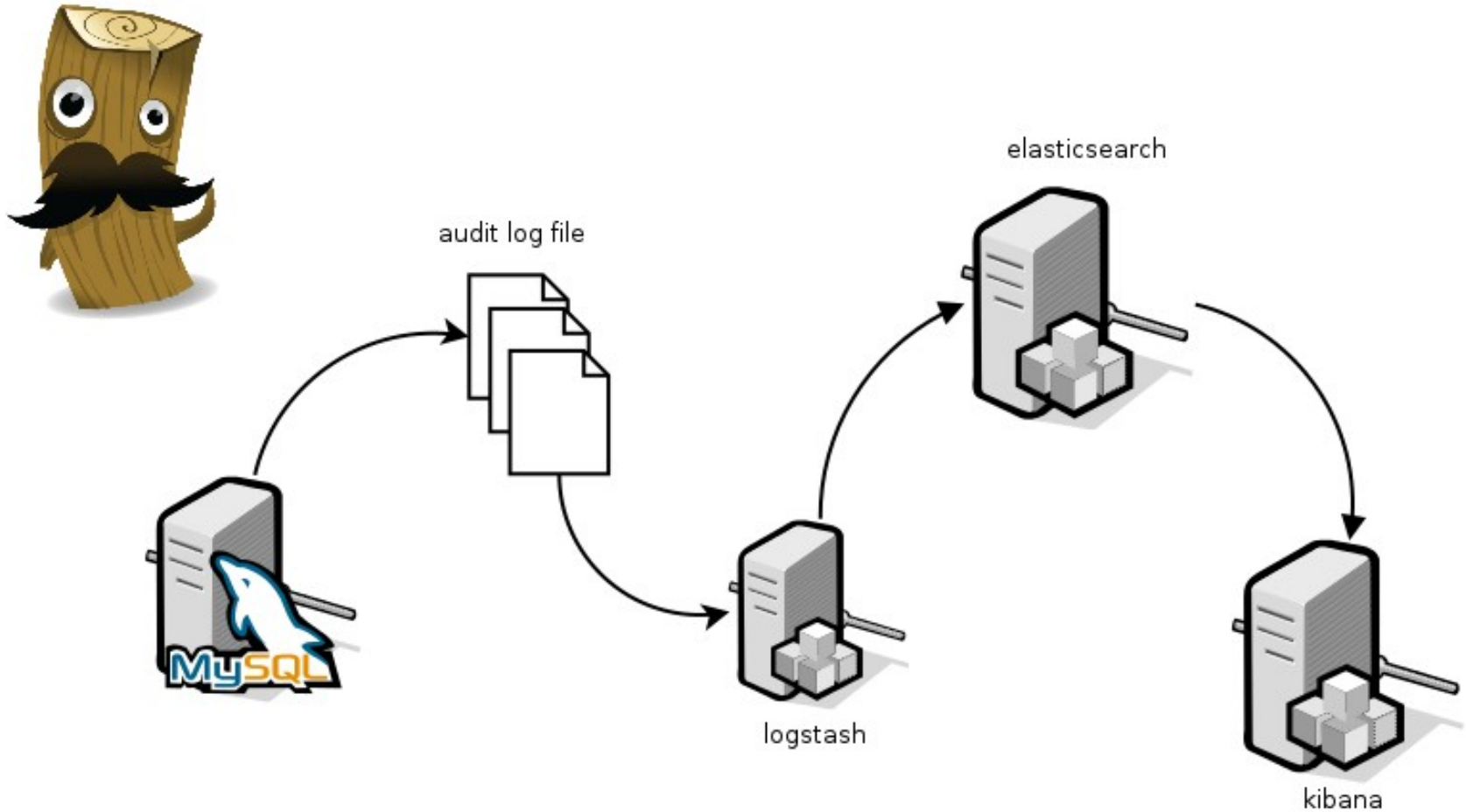
# ELK+ (Elasticsearch, Logstash, Kibana)

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- **Elasticsearch** (search and analytics engine)
- **Logstash** (collect, parse and store log events)
- **Kibana** (easily visualize and search indexed data)
- **+** (Nagios, Ganglia, hipchat, irc, statsd...)



# Standard ELK pipeline



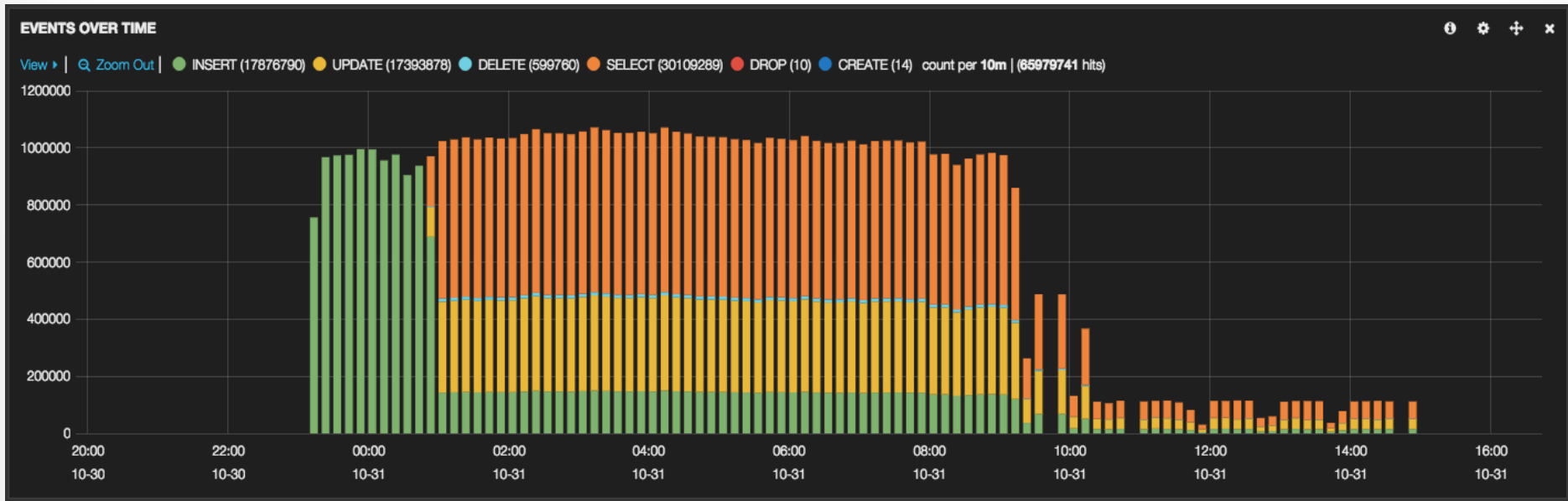
## **/etc/logstash/logstash.conf**

```
input {
  file {
    path => "/var/log/mysql/audit.log"
    type => "mysql-audit"
  }
}

filter {
  do_something
}

output {
  elasticsearch {
    cluster => "logstash"
    host => elasticsearch1
  }
}
```

# Kibana Visuals





Thank you

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Q&A